Name	
Date	Period

Lab: The Nitrogen Cycle

Nitrogen cycles through the environment in a number of forms: Nitrogen gas (N₂), ammonia (NH₃)/ammonium (NH₄⁺), nitrate (NO₃), nitrite (NO₂), and as protein. The proteins are composed of amino acids. While all living things utilize this element, the primary mediators of its movement and availability are bacteria. Various species of bacteria use each of the forms listed. More complex forms of life such as plants and animals use nitrogen to manufacture protein: plants can make use of ammonia/ammonium, and nitrate, while animals must receive the nitrogen as part of protein, and can make no use of the other compounds.

Beginning at your own table, roll the die and record the result. Next, find the table with the cycle stage you rolled and move to that table. Roll the die you find there and continue the process for thirty die rolls. Record all your results in the table below.

Die Roll	Outcome	Die Roll	Outcome	Die Roll	Outcome
1		11		21	
2		12		22	
3		13		23	
4		14		24	
5		15		25	
6		16		26	
7		17		27	
8		18		28	
9		19		29	
10		20		30	

1. Calculate the percentage of time spent at each station.

Station	Percentage ·	Station	Percentage
Nitrogen Gas		Bacterial Protein	
(N_2)			
Ammonia/Ammonium		Plant Protein	
(NH_3/NH_4^+)			
Nitrate		Animal Protein	
(NO_3)			
Nitrite			
(NO_2)	112		- 1

- 2. In what ways were you able to leave the nitrogen gas station?
- 3. What living organisms influence the nitrogen cycle the most?
- 4. Draw the nitrogen cycle on the back of this sheet based on the stations you just experienced.